Welcome to Folksworth CofE Primary School

Reading Workshop Coffee Morning





Literacytrust.org research shows that only a quarter (26%) of children now read daily, compared with 43% in 2015.

Only 56% of 3-4-year-olds are read to daily or nearly every day (69% in 2013) Fewer than 19% of 8-10-year-olds are read to daily or nearly every day (down from 25%)

Only 29% of 0-13s read for pleasure daily (down from 30% in 2017)

In December 2019, The National Literacy Trust published new research today which revealed that 383,775 children in the UK don't have a single book of their own.

The survey of 56,906 UK children found that, compared to children who don't have a book of their own, children who own books are:

- Six times more likely to read above the level expected for their age
- Nearly three times more likely to enjoy reading
- More than twice as likely to agree that reading is cool

WHY IS SHARING STORIES SO CRUCIAL?

'Reading for pleasure is the single biggest indicator of a child's future success – more than their family circumstances, more than parents' educational background or their income.'

Why is reading important?

Enjoyment/ Reading for Pleasure Go to places, meet people, have adventures

- Learn about topics which interest us
- Develop writing skills
- Prepare for the future e.g. to pass exams, driving test, complete job applications

PHONICS

What do we mean by phonics?

What do the different terminologies phoneme, grapheme, diagraph and trigraph mean?

What can we do to help children learn phonics?

Phonics consists of:

- Identifying sounds (phonemes) in spoken words
- Recognising the common spellings of each phoneme
- Blending phonemes into words for reading
- Segmenting words into phonemes for spelling

Subject knowledge

- Phoneme The smallest unit of sound. There are approximately 44 phonemes in English (it depends on different accents). Phonemes can be put together to make words.
- Grapheme A way of writing down a phoneme. Graphemes can be made up from 1 letter e.g. p, 2 letters e.g. sh, 3 letters e.g. tch or 4 letters e.g ough.
- GPC This is short for Grapheme Phoneme Correspondence. Knowing a GPC means being able to match a phoneme to a grapheme and vice versa.

https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/SubjectKnowledge.htm







Practise reading	
sort	short
horse	sport
fork	snort



https://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/for-home/advice-for-parents/phonics-videos

While you watch, think about your own practise.





John showed me the largest tree in town.

What is another word for *largest*?







When Pat answered the door, we entered the house.



welcomed

4



Angela did not freeze the meat properly, and now it is no longer fit for .





3 prohibition

2





A common mistake when first making a compost pile is to use too many food scraps. Food scraps, such as coffee grounds and fruit peels, are rich in nitrogen. But while nitrogen is important, a successful compost pile also requires carbon-rich material such as leaves. Compost breaks down most efficiently if the carbon-tonitrogen ratio is thirty to one. This ratio can more or less be achieved by using an equal volume of dry leaves and food scraps.

What is the benefit of having a thirty-to-one ratio of carbon to nitrogen?

- 1 It allows the compost to break down in the most efficient manner.
- It provides enough carbon to overcome the effects of nitrogen.



It requires less frequent maintenance of the compost pile.

Urgent Intervention Intervention On Watch At/Above Benchmark

ZPD: 2.1-3.1 (Zone of Proximal Development)

Once the ZPD is established, the children can select books within these book levels.

Daily reading must be recorded in their Home Learning Journals.

When your child has finished the book, they can take an AR quiz and change their book.



Level: This is the book level AR suggests the child reads after completing a Star Reader quiz.



The Gruffalo by Julia Donaldson Quiz: 203199 EN Level: 2.3 LY Points: 0.5

Quiz type: **Reading Practice** RP How did you read the book? I was read to 9 9 5 I read with someone I read by myself

Question 1 of 5

Α

The fox invited the mouse to ---.

have lunch in his underground home

B take a ride on his furry back

- c go for a swim in the river
- D go to a birthday party with him

Question 3 of 5

D

What did the mouse tell the snake about the gruffalo?

- His favourite food was scrambled snake.
- B He was afraid of snakes.
- C His home was deep underground.
 - He was a champion snake thrower.

Question 2 of 5

What did the mouse say the gruffalo had at the end of his nose?



- B a third eye
- C two long hairs
- one very sharp horn

Question 5 of 5

What did the gruffalo do after the mouse said what his favourite food was?

- A He said he'd like to try it.
- B He turned and fled.
- He begged for his life.





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February 2020 Image: Constraint of the second se

January 2020

~	221062 EN The Rhyming Rabbit	3/5	0.3	3.6	14/02/2020
	226911 EN Marmaduke the Very Different Dragon	2/5	0.0	3.0	06/02/2020
~	231514 EN A Book of Beasts	3/5	0.3	2.5	05/02/2020
	211962 EN The Adventures of Super Diaper Baby	3/10	0.0	2.5	04/02/2020
~	228516 EN Little Joe's Boat Race	3/5	0.3	1.8	28/01/2020



What can you do to support your child in developing their reading skills?

Reading is a key life skill. It enables us to access all forms of learning. Reading needs to be valued and children should enjoy reading.

'Reading for Pleasure'

Be a role model- does your child(ren) see you reading regularly? Do you share and talk about your favourite childhood stories?

Do you pronounce sounds and words correctly? Remember those pure sounds are vital!



Help your child(ren) to make:
Make predictions
Question what they have read
Clarify the meaning of words
Summarise key events



Expose them to a range of genres and text types: Newspapers

Poetry

Magazines

Online stories e.g. Oxford Owl has a free eBook library